CLAIMS

- 1. A mixer design comprising of
 - a pair of differential RF inputs connected to
 - the source terminals of the first set of two switches, whose drains are connected to
 - the source terminals of the second set of two switches, whose drains are the mixer outputs;
 - the controlling gates of the first set of switches and the second set of switches are connected to
 - the local oscillator differential sources that are phase shifted from each other; wherein each of the first and the second sets of switches comprising of a pair of complementary gate-controlled transistors in a transmission-gate-configuration.
- 2. The mixer of claim 1 wherein there are three or more sets of switches connected in series.
- 3. The mixer of claim 1 wherein the switches are based on FET transistors.
- 4. The mixer of claim 1 wherein the switches are based on GaAs transistors.
- 5. The mixer of claim 1 wherein the switches are based on MOS transistors.
- 6. The mixer of claim 1 wherein the switches are single gatecontrolled transistors.

- 7. The mixer of claim 1 wherein the first set of switch gates are connected to the in-phase local oscillator signals and the second set of switch gates are connected to the quadrature local oscillator signals.
- 8. The mixer of claim 1 wherein the first set of switch gates are connected to the quadrature-phase local oscillator signals and the second set of switch gates are connected to the in-phase local oscillator signals.
- 9. The mixers of claims 1-8 to be used to reverse the said mixer operations by reversing the inputs and outputs.
- 10. A method of frequency conversion of an input signal by using two stages of switches to mix the said input signal with reference signals comprising:

 providing first and second pairs of differential reference signals which are phase shifted from each other, mixing a pair of differential input signals with the first pair of reference differential signals through the first stage

producing a first pair of frequency converted differential signals to mix with the second pair of differential reference signals through the second stage of switches, producing a final output pair of frequency converted differential signals;

of switches.

- 11. The method of claim 10 wherein there are three or more sets of switches connected in series.
- 12. The method of claim 10 wherein the switches are based on FET transistors.
- 13. The method of claim 10 wherein the switches are based on GaAs transistors.
- 14. The method of claim 10 wherein the switches are based on MOS transistors.
- 15. The method of claim 10 wherein the switches are single gatecontrolled transistors.
- 16. The method of claim 10 wherein the first set of switch gates are connected to the in-phase local oscillator signals and the second set of switch gates are connected to the quadrature local oscillator signals.
- 17. The method of claim 10 wherein the first set of switch gates are connected to the quadrature-phase local oscillator signals and the second set of switch gates are connected to the in-phase local oscillator signals.
- 18. The methods of frequency conversion of claims 10-16 to be used to reverse the said mixer operations by reversing the inputs and outputs.